

CLEARFIELD, PA., Thursday, June 1', 13'4.

WHIG STATE NOMINATIONS:

FOR GOVERNOR, Lon. James Pc'look, of Northumberland County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. Hon. George Da we, of Allegheny County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE. Hon, Paniel W. 'wwer of Adems County

SALULATORY.

In making this, our editorial bow, to the citizens of Clearfield, it becomes our duty to state, briefly. the position, we occupy—the principles we advocate, and the course we intend-to pursue.

We have come among you as a stranger, to take charge of a paper owned n t by us, but by a portion of yourseives, and while we duly appreciate the honor, if we may be allowed the expression, we also deeply feel the responsibility, attending a right and proper discharge of our duties. The position of an Editor is at all times an unenviable one .in our case it is peculiarly so. Unacquainted, in a great measure, with the business and resources of the county, we are necessarily dependant upon others for information, which, in many instances, may. perhaps, prove incorrect. And when to this we add the novelty of the position,-our youth and comparative inexperience. it may not seem singular, if we should approach the task with some degree of timidity and four. We shall, however, strive faithfally and fearlessly, to discharge our duties to our employers, to our party, and to the Public, that, when our editorial career may be run, we can resign the chair, with the proud satisfaction of a clear conse enca

In Politics we fully adopt the creed, and advocate the principles of the Whig Party. To cultiwate the arts of peace,-to add to the prosperity. the virtue, the intelligence, and the happiness of our people,-to give an influence to the cause of freedom that armies and navies cannot restrain,to preserve our Union, and so conduct it as to hand it down, not only unimpaired, but improved, to the latest ages of posterity-these are the Whig prin-It is the name of the advocate of freedon and of patriot Sires fought for, and obtained our Nation- very shall exist there or not! al Independence. And though we like them have spirit of our Whig anecstors, to a final and decisive triumph.

guilty of low blaguardism and vile abuse.

and the price of lumber, but for news morals and ries, and prohibiting it in another? literature. A paper that shall be to him a companhis family circle, his shop, his cabin, his store, and passage of the Nebraska Bill has been an utter uphis counting room.

And now, in conclusion, expressing our pleasure at making the acquairtance of the citizens of Clear- itself. field donn'y, we beg your attention to our motto-

Our Paner,-I'm iso

the Country, where the list of subscribers is neces. try. suri'y restricted to a few hun Irols. A city paper. where three or four papers can be printed with one

The paper upon which the Journal is printed is manufactured from straw by a recently invented process, and although regarded as the best quality. does not present as neat an appearence as we could desire. We will endeavor hereafter to obtain ray

We have procured a large press and intend if cur enterprise prove successful, to enlarge our paper at no distant period.

We send this copy of our paper to a number of persons who are not subscribers. If they do not wish to subscribe they will please return the paper, with their name written on it, to this Office. All subscriptions paid during the first two months, will be considered as in advance. After that time the the rates will be charged as set forth in the Terms on first page.

TT We understand that a number of persons have the names of subscribers to our paper still in their possession. We hope all those to whom we have sent a Prospectus to which names have been subscribed, will return it immediately. We would also take this opportunity of returning our thanks to the numerous friends who exerted themselves to obtain subscriptions to our paper.

THEFT. - Some miscreant very coolly appropriated to his own use two bags of outs from a wagon standing in front of Mr. Hemphill's. last night-Such conduct is a disgrace to our town, and it is to be hoped the villain will be discovered, and made to suffer the consequences. Surely strangers shall property stand in our streets without having it purloined.

The Nortes a Ith.

Py the provisions of the Kansaa Nebrask Bill that has just pessed the House of Representatives by a vote of 113 to 100, and which has created so great an excitement throughout the country, the Missouri Compromise, passed in 1820, has been de- Mormons at Salt Lake. Nearly two hundred reclored "inoperative and voil." That Compromise prohibite! slavery in all territory north of the line of 33 deg. 30 min, which line now form; the Southern boundary of the territories of Kansas and Nebraska. It will at once be perseived that the object of declaring the line inoperative and voil " was to introduce slavery into these future States: though singular to say Douglass and his adherents. backed up too by the Pierce Administration declare that slavery can never exist there, owing to climate and other circumstances! And when asked vennort. Chatham and Sheerness, of 131 effective why.if it never could exist there, they wished to repetla measure that under such circumstances, could | 907 gans; and there are 20 other years | building cause them no inconvenience, they answered "to which are intended to carry 2 390 cmms cure the wounded honor of the South " Thus the As a baim to the imaginary wound on the honor of the South !

Strange.-passing strange, that it was left for the | in Siberia. microscopic eyes of Mr. Douglass to discover this awful blemish on the fair escutcheon of Southern honor! For thirty years a Calhoun and a Clay reasons to suppose that the condition of that gencould gaze upon that dark spot upon the honor of their Southern homes, and never once seek its re- Acapu'co is not a more play hing for the 5 am the whig creed, and urged upon the Legislatur by moval. But now, that both have passel away, the men under his command. A proble may not ba mighty "giant" of the West arises the champion | fit to live under a republican government, and yet and defender of their wounded honor! And to as- have strength enough to put down a usurner. The complish his design, the Missouri Compromise, the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore San work of our fathers, who pledged their honor in its says "the advices from Mexico -received by our support .- made served too, as it is, by the name Government, are rather of an alarming nature, and most convincing arguments, in favor of the and the fame of HENRY CLAY, had to be trampled and it may yet appear that Mr. Gads len. in treat. bill, which, during its whole passage, they by ve-

Nor was anything of the kind sought by the out his host. South. Mr. Douglass was a volunteer, acting upon his own responsibility, and to secure his own per. sonal ends. The Administration, to recover its lost | 423majority. Hazlehirst, for City Solicitor was s rength, seized hold of the hobby, with the design elected by over 11,090. The Whig ticket through | ple. ' And yet, singular to say, that was thegreat of nationalizing itself and fell back upon "the little giant," who thus become at once the great exponent and embodiment of the principles of Demorracy, and the parliamentary leader of the ity. The Leter say:-Pierce faction in the Senate.

And what, we may inquire is proposed to be ascomplished by this unasked for legislation? Why to settle a principle. they say,-the right of the people in the territories to establish or prohibit slavery themselves. They allege, that, under the on the ques ion of slavery for the territories-that the clause empowering them to "make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory and other property of the United States," does not apply to this question. Now it would seem very singular, indeed, that the States could not do what ciples for which we battle. We love those Princi- they please I with their own property; certainly a ples, and we love the Whig name, with all its noble | very novel iden that Congress has power to mark and inspiring associations to well to desert them. | lines, sell or give away any portion of it -exereise unlimited sovereignty over it in every other man in all past ages-the name under which our respect, and yet have no power to say whether sla-

But the best evidence of the meaning of a law. met with disaster and defeat, still shall our glori- is the intention of the persons who frame i it, to be ous cause be pressed forward and onward, with the | gathered from surrounding circumstances, as well as from the law itself. Let us apply this rule to the Constitution, and what is the result? The or- ular sovereignty now? What do the sovereigns cause it would create "a gigantic monopoly and In our editorial conduct, it shall always be our dinance of 1787, of which the Missouri Compro-12 low personal, and vulger quarrels miss is simply an extension was frame lat the same or attende oursalves to the sime and by the sens hands, that fragent at Pas Sam. Slick says, "argue the ease." While we can then sitting in New York; and the other was framnever shrink from a controversy, conducted in a ed by the National Convention, assembled for the proper spirit, and with a respectable opponent, we purpose in Philadelphia, which bodies were in alwill still never seek one .- much less notice those most hourly communication with each other, and have to lament a disastrous defeat. They are now ful state of confusion by the announcement of the leading members of each, attending in both by We shall labor to make our paper, what its name | turns! Now, is it to be presumed for a moment signifies, a true "Raftsman's Journal'-one that these men would one day prohibit Congress shall be to him a source, not only of pleasure, but from legislating on slavery in convention, and the of information and instruction, where he can all next, enter the legislative halls and enact a law perhaps be less agreeable to that patriotic individuals. Exchief was a "lobby member" a profesways look, not only for the state of the markets, establishing slavery in one portion of the territo- ual.

There can then, be no question as to the constiion, not alone on his tedious voyage through the tutionality of the Missouri Compromise; and so far crooks and bends of our fair Susquehanna, but in from being the establishment of a principle, the rooting of all the compromises of the Constitution -yea, we might almost say, of that very instrument

What, then, it may be asked is the position of the language of Col. Duvivier when summoned by the two great policical parties of the country on | ticket excent two Aidenmen. the commander of the Austrian hussars at the bat- the question! It is the beloved of spring of Dougthe of Anguari to surren ler .- "Cowe and Take ME." less recently a defeated Presidential assiront, and now the leader of the Administration faction in the Senate. It is supported by every Democratic or-Many parsons, doubtless, expected to see the gan.' It was shirked by the recent State Conven-Journal much larger than it appears. Owned as it tion of the "harmonious Demo rany." but point. is by a Joint Stock Company, it is not established If you can to a localist paper in the Commonfor the purpose of making money, and if it could we did that denounces it. It is then a Demogratic possibly have been made larger at \$1.00 a year, it measure, fathered by a Democratic Presidential aswould have been done. But it is utterly out of the pirant, supported by a Demogratic Administration. question to print a larger paper at that price, in and navocated by every locofoco organ in the count

On the other hand the Whigs regard it "as a dewhose patrons are numbered by thousands, and liberate breach of plighted faith and public compact.-a high handed attempt to force slavery setting of type, can be farnished at a low rate, but | into a vast territory now free from it by law,-as a it is very evident this cannot be done in Clearfield. reckless renewal of a quieted agitation, that meets the stern, indignant and ananimous condemnation of the Whiz Party of the Commonwealth of Penn-

The E'estion in Philaielphia. Below will be dound the official returns of the recent election in Philadelphia, by which it will be seen that the Whig and American Candidates have

entire vote polled for Mayor was 59,414. This glorious result is ominous of the defeat which awaits Gov. Bigler in October next. Philadelphia gave Bigler a large majority, and they have now thrown a large majority the other way. -a result chiefly owing to the anti-Nebraska feeling, awakened by the treachery of those calling themselves Representatives of the American people.

OFFICIAL RETURNS. VOTE FOR MAYOR. For Pobert T. Conrad. Whig. etc. Richard Vaux. Democrat,

Conrad's majority, VOTE, FOR SOLICITOR. For Isaac Hazleburst, Whig, etc. Wm. L. Hirst. Dem: Wm. D. Baker, American,

Haxlehurst's majority over Hirst, VOTE FOR CONTROLLER. For John N. Henderson, Whig, etc., William Badger, Dem.

Henderson's majority. VOTE FOR COMMISSIONER. For Adam Much. Whiz and American. George C. Leidy, Democrat, Franklin Comly, Whig,

Much's majority over Leidy,

A large number of Cholera cases have occurred Pready, on the Mississippi There were seven'yfive cases between Burlington and Galena. A number of English are on thir way to join the cently passed St. Louis.

The news from the Seat of Tar are quite were expensed. The allies lost but sir men. combined fleets are remortal to have left for Sal France has called into active service, by ! and sea, eighty thousand man, Indonentant the immense payal force Tpriant having actual s

vise, there is a figure in reserve at Partementh De shins of the royal navy, corrying not less then If we can believe what carrespondents for Franch

whole country had to be again thrown into a state paners write. Russia is exercising a degree of form of excitement,—the vexed ques ion, which was clous exactly in Potand, n'most unexampled even thought to have been settled by the Compromise in i's unhappy annals. The constriction falls un-Measures of 1850 had to be again agitated -the dy- on all males between the ages of sixteen and fortying embers of Northern and Southern fanaticism five. If the constrict flees or conceals himself, his again to be fanned into a flame -and all for what? children or other members of the family, without regard to age or sex, are seized and carried off to the country of the Cossacks, or to military colonies | ture, and the unmistakable sentimen of the people.

In spite of the cheerful news from Mexico, of the repeated triumphs of Santa Anna, there are strong tleman is not a pleasant one, and that the siege of ing with Santa Anna, has made his reckoning with-

Robert T. Conrad the Whig and Native Candidate for Mayor in Philadelphia, was elected by 3.out, has been successful.

Mr. Towers the Whiz Candilate for Mayor in Washington City, is also elected by a large major- the last session. Truly, may we reiterate the old

"The election derived populiar interest from the fact that the Executive has openly exercised its influence for Maury, the present incumbent, which it is reported, went so far as to threaten clerks with removal if they did not vote for Mury, and bill, which during his whole public Efe, h strenufrom the threa's of prominent Administration sen- oasly opposed! And now, discovering that they Constitution Congress has no power to legislate up- ators and members of Congress, that the appro- were "stiling on the wrong track." they addedly printions for the city would be denied, i. Mr. Mau- veer round, and admitting the great benefits to be ry was not elected."

> nent Democrats, particularly the most conspicuous | was not a reason olde one!" traitors and swindlers on the Nebraska question. | Gov. Bigler, although compelled to signit have fad the city. It is rumored that Pierre is a ways been opposed to the bill. He opposed preparing to explode the Cubin mine, in order to when a member of the Sanate notwithstanding swallow up one excitement in a greater. Pettit measure was sarried by more than twenty thousand and Douglass have gone home to try to make up of a majority of the people of the Commonwealt. matters with their betrayed and insulted constituents. The correspondent of the North American annual message, for it reiterates them, and we must says that the Philadelphia and Washington eler- honestly believe he is opposed to it yet, thought tions have produced a profound impression. They gave it the executive approbation, well knowing much good. are pregnant comments upon the disgressful pro- that, in view of the approaching election, he deat think of the fruids attempted to be practised up- then, discovering that course not to "pay" # well ... - safaund concern at the mis rable fail- and support the measure - monopoly and a ure of his friends to sustain themselves, or to releem their promises towards him to ---bribery, and fraud could have prevailed the repudiators of public compacts would not now bers of the Legislature were thrown intradelightin the hands of the people. The grouns of the incendiary are music to the soul of every honest man. Toombs was eage to hear the howls of abo- pocket-that were to have been the mard of a litionists. The calm voice of the ballot box will number of the members, for certain Rabad legis-

says - It is believed that the Democrats are de. a certain company or companies, wi employed signedly keeping the House and Senate without a his services and famished the necessor funds to quorum until the 12th inst., in order to enable the obtain the wished for bill. The act is duly pas-President to consult the Committees on Foreign sed, and about the time the interry I members Affairs respecting an Executive communication to | were looking for their promities, ke took the Congress in regard to Cuba."

The municipal election in Stockton California. has resulted in the election of the whole Whire pen to bribery and sold their votes ad not, in

Fresh troubles at Eric are said to be pending .the late meeting of the Council a resolution was public. It became the general me of conpassed directing that the track of the railway throthe street be torn up, and the brilges at the eros dags removed.

President Present has appointed O. Banners of line of a piece of Logis's live result the details the Harrisburg - Keystque, Governor of Nebraska

Hon. Robert T. Couran, the Mayor elect of Philadelphia, was inaugurated on Tuesday, in In- bent may not suffer, and that the gry may relepondance square. He made one of his nanally poive, at the hands of the people the proper and this and eloquent addresses, which was recieved just reward. with enthusiastic applause by the large conspurse of people assumbled to witness the geremonies.

Our Tolet.

The Whigs have never yet nominated a ticket more likely to conciliate factions, or against while it has been more difficult to find a strong point of opposition, than the one presented for our suffrages by the recent State Convention. Already the principal organs of the opposition have acknowledged that we have selected our best men :- men. in the language of the Waynesburg Democratic gislative Hails every one who will by himself been elected by an overwhelming majority. The Messenger, of respectable talents and unexceptionable moral character." All that has yet been alleged against them has fallen to the ground from edy. utter want of evilence, and they stand before the country acknowledged to have been very seldom equaled, and certainly never surpassed, in the political history of this Commonwealth.

Our candidate for Governor, the Hon. JAMES Pollock, as a profound lawyer and popular speaker, is without his superior. He was first elected to Congress in 1833, to fill a vacancy, occasioned by 29,421 the death of the Hon. GEOUGE FRICK, of the 13th 20.913 District. He ran against Jone Sayden in that Distriet that usually gave 1200 of a Democratic majority, and was elected by a large vate. He ran ture have passed resolutions conductory of again in 1844 a jainst Gen. Wat. A. Pernekiv, and the Nebraska bill. The House ed them States each agarge as Ohio. was elected by an increased majority. In 1845 he by 148 year to 57 nays. The thind fifth beat ALLISON WHITE, by over 1400, thus having resolutions are in the following large: revolutionized his District three different times.

Of Mr. Pollock's unexceptionable private char- purpose never to consent to the lar actual acter and moral worth, no better evidence can be admission of slavery into the terry from given than the almost unanimous vote he recieved which it was excluded by the act 182), or three times from his friends and neighbors, when to the almission of slave-holding les from

a candidate for Congress. Of Mr. Dansie our candidate for Canal Commis- hereby declares itself ready to co-tate with 24.711 sioner, it is only necessary to say, in the language other States, in any legal and cututional our opponents themselves, "he is a man of great ex- measures which the existing crisists con-

| and if elected will make one of the most efficient

'and Cor n issioners the board has ever had." Judge Sursen, our nomines for the Supreme Bench, is a profound lawyer, of wile-spread rapuation, enlarged experience, and whose ability no one can have the hardihood to call in question. Such is the ticket-such the men we have pro-

sented for our soffrages in the comin contes . Pro- Cupil. spite i. too upon a Pia form of Principles that must at once meet the soull al approbation of every rue lover of his country. The Supremany of the Consideration ... the greatest wood to the largest num er -the preservation of the National Union-universal Ednoution-Religious Liberty-1 Protective Twiff - just and equitable Homestead Law-the leef the Public Works -and opposition to the of ension of Slavery over territory now free, -- and we a platform of principles, upon which we can merch on to certain vistory against any conositif: -yea, even against the humbug cry of "Demada-"," and the spoils of office.

The Sale of the Public Worls.

It is rather amusing to read some of the elaborate arguments of the Democratic press, in favor of he sale of the public works, since Gov. Bigler has signed the Bill, to which he was driven by the large vote it received in both branches of the Legisa-A few months ago, every locofoco "organ" in the State, with but one or two exceptions, violentlyopposed the measure; not barause, as they allegel, it would create a "gigantic monopoly," but beguse it was and is essentially a whig measure,-a part of whig influence. But having discovered that it was also the measure of the people, and that corv attempt to prevarie the and get round it had faled. they now turn the tables and having "received additional light on the subject." enter into legthy

hemently opposed. The "gigantie monopoly," that was to trush down the interests of the old Keystone." is firgotten, or rather the matter is got over by saying that toompanies have no power over the mass of the peoand general objection made to all the bank tills to which the Executive sanction was refused, during saw - consistency, thou art a jewel!"

Taking the annual message for their guid, these organs did everything in their power, against the bill, but, alas! for their consistency. Gov. Bigler. like other men, proved fullible, and signed he very derived from the measure, attempt to show that Since the election in Washington all the promi- | "the expectation that Gov. Bigler would interface

teners upon which the reneal of the Missouri Com- ingt veto it. Such however, is the usual configurapromise was effected. . Where is the zeal for pop- ev of the Democracy; -to cry down a meane be-

sudden departure of one Ezekiel Saken, who "sloped" with some ten thousand dolers in his sional borer, and had, singularly enoug, succeed A Washington dispatch to the New York Courier el in ingratiating himself into the gotopinion of Sunday Evening train, and "Stope !! The disanpointed gentlemen. (!) who had laid emselves otheir indicata ion at Zeke's abstoreg. deceney g her leads enough to soneral the mer from the versation in all circles of the capitals ked as it members of the La diffature. This is imple outof which are absolutely too linguatifor a public print. We hope the matter will hally investigated, and the parties made known at the inno-These "borers" are a curse to ofLegislature.

and should be Iriven from the hall the Capital. At the beginning of every sossion y gather around the isles and lobbies - a swaof political are the tools of members still more rrupt than themselves, who sock to fill their jets with the dishonest gains of corrupt legislatiovrung from . honest and unsuspecting parties.

The evil in or ler to be cure i, in be wholly and totally eradicated, by removing our Leto be bought and sold. like a sheepshe market.

Monk's New Man.

We were shown recently a besal Map of North America, embracing more tory, and on a larger scale than any other map e published in this country. It is a true Awen Map, and we advise all our readers, to securopy while the agent is among us. He is nowiting the different parts of our county.

Nersa's. Both branches of the Connecti Legisla-

3. Resolved, That we declarar fixed any portion of the same. 5. Resolved, That this Generassembly

our opponents themselves, "he is a man of great experience in our public councils,—a fluent and ready
perience in our public councils,—a fluent and ready
debater—of unexceptionable moral character,—
of our rights, and in defence of lib.

Vencil Motes.

The late Legislature passel 749 enartments IP The philosopher's dinner-food for reflec-

lood resolutions are like fainting ev want to be carried out.

To telicion and matitino are not responsible

I w .! m a straight forward man," as the toper, when he pitched in a the patter. Pan is liserest person is I ke an unscaled letwhich everybally our peres ..

for the faul's and mistakes of their Josters. I'm hey are now selling "Know No hlag" The normation of Cleveland, Ohio, in 1350, was 17,500. It is now 50:000.

I an American company is about establishing e of steamers between Montreal and Quebro. 100 lines the first of January over 3,000,000 bu. of coal have been sent to market from Pittsburg. Frhe Tobacco and cigars used in our country of minually about teh millions of dollars.

"here are half a million more females than males in Great Britain for crews says if "all the world's a stage." men wag the "tongue" and guile the "wehicle. Samething Uo .- Den't Know" what it is, but theres a muss of some kind among the Natives.

In lem to !- Tee ereames and lemonales though rather a starce article. rents' head ashe-when grown up they make

13" The man who has a daughter, and can yet won't educate her, deserves to have her stolen

In day, in some portions of Areestook, is ling at forty dollars a ton, and outs at one dollar and twenty-five cents a bushel. I w Jen. Edwin Polk, waste of the late President Polk diel recently at his residence in Tennessee.

here will probably be 21 per cent, more land in caldivation in the State of California, this year than there was last.

The Whigs of Cincinnati have just elected all their candidates for Julyes of the Superior The Baltimore Times nominates Millard

Im ore for President, and Albert Pike, of Arkauens for Vice President in 1855. 13 The Empress of France drives herself out in a carriage and four horses. She handles the rib-

bons with great skill Catholic Convent Burnt .- The Catholic Convent at Mobile has been destroyed by fire. Coming at Fast .- Spring with its birds and flow-

rs, though, as they say on the Railroad, "slightly ochin l time." C'erret out-the West Branch and its tributaries | dian. of lumber, by the late flood. Searcely a raft re m tine in our county.

TWA Liquor Seiler in Gloness er. Mass., was ynched recently, his house demolished, and himself ordered to leave the town. IF I wo of the most important articles manufactored in our country, have a decided upward tendency in price, viz:—Flour and Printing paper.

Left-Maj. I. L. Barnerr for Philadelphia to take charge of the Mount Vernon House. We wish him abundant success in his undertaking. A retired quatlem ou-Our friend Hartshorn we tre happy to lparn has made a fortune, and retir-

ed to private life. May his shalow never grow Quarter'y Meeting-Our Methodist friends commenced their quarterly meeting at Curwensville on Saturday. We hope they will succeed in doing

A call for a Sabbath Convention, to be held at Curwensville on the first day of July next, will | Int at an election for three Aldermen, held on be found in another column. We have no doubt | i e Sih inst. cut of a vote of \$,131; they had a mait will be productive of much good.

If It is ascertained in France, beyond a doubt that the vine and notate disease is caused by the rul that important discoveries of cannot sout have on them? It is stated that the President has ex- as they expected, back right out of their feition. presence of small insects of a species very similar

in England, of 23,030 tons. She will be 690 feet thickness. The coal strongly resumbles that found ong, above three times the height of Bunker Hill in the vally of Kanawha in the western part of Monument.

To A letter from Constantinople says that the element. American Minister, in the name of the U. States protested against the inhuman enter of the Porte expelling the Greeks from Turkey.

I diffeen emigrant ships arrived at New York having 5325 passengers, of which 2197 came from London and Liverpool, and 3128 from Havre, And werp and Hamburg. But Things .- A smoky chimney, unfaithful se

can's, a stumbling horse, a scolding wife, an aring too'h, an empty purse, musquitoes, flies, fles mad dogs, be I-bugs, spilers and fops, Lots of 'em.-We "Don't Know" whether se have any "Know Nothings" here or not, but if ou want to discover the "Him Nothings," just go

duplicate and try to collect Poor Tax! To Among the great variety of articles went down the Naugainek river in the late fremet was a pulpit. At one point on the Housatonic, five boarding houses were swept away. Now Boot & Store Store-in the rear ourt House. Those guilty of this piece of hid-

are liable to a few months board There are few Hotels in Philadelphia, with a reputation equal to the Mershants. Mr. McKra- and breathe the true While will. His determina-

h Street, between Murket and Arch. to resignal-the Academy. We learn that efforts are being made to prosure an able and effi-cient teacher to take charge of this institution.

efft to the town and county. Destruction of the Wieling Billy Wheeling Suspension Scilge was entirely learny- was duly received. Accent my thanks for your ed in a high storm of wind on the 13th oft. The warm-heartel congratulations on my numbration

A Regiles: Tangue, -- A Boston lade hogat this yampyres, seeking their unconsciousims. They time a somewhat nevel discuss -a continual ano-Shoul Put think it was very aper . - 954 of 'em afflicted in the sune way. "To An East Indian paper mays the Jamous car

of fuggernant has been totally les roted by fire. and that the proprietors are margodia grief, attributing the assident to the fury of the Gol for causes of which they are not cognishit. Two Height of his Antition of our ex-

changes tells us of a lazy genius p his way, who and Presidential aspirants will hear and tremble. It is with the people themselves tonish a rem-, being asked as he lay sunning haself on the grass Hoping to have the pleasure of seeing you before what was the height of his agoition, replied:- the close of the campaign, To marry a rich wilow that's ot a cough.

A Touch of the Sublims. The lightning routed, the thuder flashed. And granny's toapot went f smash; The rain it whistled, the find it poured. And daldy lay down in to corner and snored.

In Marriage between versons of the same age is an institution of Gol. Marriage between an old man and a young worin is an institution of man.

Marriage between apold woman and a young man
is an institution of ac devil.

Nelvaska. Few persons have ray idea of the extent of this pritory. Its boundary is three thousand miles, length; its area five hundred thousand square miles and it will form twelve

IF A ma who has no enemies is sellow good for anything He is made of that kind of material which is easily work of that every one tries hanl in it A sterling character—one who socaks what he ninks—is always sure to have enemies.

i emizer. at a late evening sawing-party that one lady made ass of the exclamation ght I should have fie !" one hundred and eight times and put the inquiry "dil you one hundred and thirty-seven times.

The "Toronto Patriot." Crusvier, says the son has been unusually favorable for lumbering, regard, and believe me to be

entucky, in relation to the report a quittal of Warl, the marler w. Whorever no goes the people congregate and comme him to lawe .arily he woars the brand of Cain. He is preparin ato leave for Europe.

Ow of the Cometiments. - The Centre Democra says hat day, Bigler, with Black and Morat his back, will be triumphant ye oned. We dil'nt know fut the to's rationes of the Democracy for the Governor's success, was on the Canlillates for

the Supeme Beneli. As As out Perty-the Trow Nothings "-the'r rigin thes back as far as Abadem. It is I Sam-

"And win Absolom went two hundred out of formation that were called -and they went in their simplicity, and they deem ast an elegate fag. . Very Collection he restermines of the Clear-fel I fire Band. Their isligatful music swelling routh on the cost air of these fellightful executes, seems Ber a delitious enchantment. They doserve a gest deal of praise for their effort, and we Lope the will persevere in keeping up a systs-

Hart Sine Marijas .- A man in Alleghany City hashest patented a machine for making horse-shoes, which will turn out twenty or twenty-five per minue, perfect in every part. By this machine the prize of horse-shoes will be reduced fu'll

Trench wife wrote this affactionate and laconic leter to her husband: "I write to you, because have no hin; to do I end my letter because I lave nothing to say."

Now Carn .- The new Three Do'lar Cold Piers, ather a starce article.

It is a starce articl natural are luctions. On the other is the heal

> Quetons Working un." - There era a number of new building going up this spring in Clearfield The Comenters are all bary. Everything wears a out and pleasant asnest and we have the day 's set for distant, when with a reflect and its many about and Clearful will become a soul and nothing, as well as a lumber man.

nimpis'ration one day lest work Col. Benton re-mark! I have supposed they had many angula-ty by I did thick they below moneymen once the to kew that if they applied a matria to gamps, like it would explode."

17 1 Bill has been introduced into Concrete oviling for the alministry of Oragon two of the agent State and the forfeld for all Sugar in king the another interpretable and in a Sugarion a form a farmitulars. In the reactiful fra-

ille, a fewdays since met with a corious and The horses can away and threw him from thewaggon in such a manage is a fearface both islags. Ho is lying in a vary proparious con-To Toe in the Arautie .- A number of all ship. regions pessenges in the steamship Chepatya at Per and from Liverpool have made a matemant ha they never saw such quantities of larvy

is term on the roof about a mile at o is Cur-

gree firm, or of such extent, as during the lac-culays' passage of that yeard. She sailed a the tame of 210 miles around the eleve of roll line. no the Atministration is Buckel .- The allter he Louisville Journal has been to Washington a looker on, and says that in conversation with norrais, he found more appasition to and conenation of the Administration than among the its and was taken by surprise at hearing such

olesale condennation of the Administration its own friends K com Nathings in New Orleans, -The Know N'bings are founing military companies at New forms under the name of the National June1 -Sme iles may be had of the great strongth of flis new organization at the ballot bag, in the fact

Frity of 1,7565 137 It is state I in the Camberland Mineral Jourscently been made not far from the Baltimore and This satirant at Pichman, in Virginia. One of Virginia, and is fully equal to it in every essential

> E'y ion of Creaty Stor And in -At the Election hell in the Town Hall on Manlay the 5th inst., by the School Directors of the County, in accordance with the Act of Assembly, passed last Session, Dr. A. T. Schreen, on the 5th ballot was elected County Superintend at, for the ensi-ing three years. F. S. Dundy, H. B. Smith, Thos. Ross, H. McKim, J. J. Hamilton, and others, were

candidates. The salary fixed was \$200 00. I on another column will be found the earl of our friend Luno, and we would recommend our readers one and all, when they visit the City to stop at the Commercial. The best evidence of the character of the house for "creature comforts" is to be found in the Lan Horthimsolf, "he's -fet fair, and forty," and nothing shorter! If you want a obster sulted, dressed in fine style, just apply to Board of Health.

Letters from Julye Polleg's.

The following letters from Junes Popular to bes. Wg. Language a prominent conditate before le resent State convergion fully sources the plat rorm of principles fail down by the Convention. box is the very prince of Landlords, and the as- tion to labor to deserve suggest is worthy alike comitations of the house unequaled. It is on of the man and the great cause in which he is embarked. His we'l defined postcion on the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, while it is shirked by his opponent will meet the approbation of every which might be made at once an honor and been lover of fourkness, truly, and cander.

Minton, April 7, 1854. D - Sir - Vour Friendly letter of the 23th uit. from cables broke, and the whole gigantic trusture and believe me when I assure you, that your nomi-was presiditated into the river. greater pleasure than my own solution as the "standard bourer" of the Whig party.

Your views of the platform of principles laid down by the Convention must my ordial approval and if our friends cannot sustain the principles embollish in the Resolutions, we may forever descair of suggest. With united and harmonious action we must succeed. I will labor to leserve success. With you. I regard the Nebraska movement as iniquitous, and as deserving the repuliation of every laver of free long and his country. The people will pronounce to thunder tones its condemnation,

I am, dear sir, yours very truly.

JAMES POLLOCK.

Gen. Wm. Larimer, Jr. Mantov, April 24, 1354. Dear Sir;-Your favor of the 13th inst., has been received. The ramors of my coatemplated withdrawal from the Gubernatorial canvass, to which you refer, are without the slightest foundation in fact, and cortainly were never authorized by me. I do not know their origin; their design is more apparent. Having accepted the nomination conferral, under circumstances so fletterin; to myself; and corbially aporbving the resolutions of the nominating Convertion. I have neither the will nor the right to decline. I am prepared to meet the responsibilities of my position, and to as air the issues made by the Convention. The sale of the public works is a measure demanded by every consideration of interest and public policy, and ought not to be prevented or delayed position to the Nebrusk (bill is the day of every friend of fre viom and the rights of man. Patriotism national honor, national faith, and every principle of hum unity, propest against the enactment of such a law. Let the needle speak; politicians must hear and obey. Truth will trium; although "wantsing ambition may overleap itself."

But I will not enlarge. Accept my thanks for your kind expressions of

JAS. POLLOCK.

Geo. C. Strouch. Esq.